



Basewide Groundwater Monitoring Program Optimization Working Meeting

Hunters Point Naval Shipyard

April 26, 2012



Topics



- BGMP optimization strategy
- Technical approach
- Future optimizations in other areas at HPNS
- Optimize - Parcel D-1 and G monitoring program



Optimization Strategy



- Optimize wellfields and analytical requirements to provide data to support the current/future investigations, treatability studies, remediation, and LTM projects
- The timing of optimizations will reflect logical opportunities within the CERCLA process:
 - Prior to and in conjunction with preparation of RAMPs/other documents containing a monitoring program
 - Periodically during the implementation of cleanup actions to monitor the performance of the remedy



Technical Approach



- Identify the project phase, monitoring objectives, and data requirements for a plume or area:
 - Investigation/Treatability Study
 - Remedial action performance monitoring
 - Landfill detection monitoring
- Assemble and review site data:
 - Concentrations, extent of contamination
 - Plume migration
- Identify changes in site conditions
 - Groundwater flow direction/velocity
 - Land use and human/ecological receptors



Technical Approach



- Evaluate the wellfield configuration for the capability to identify potential plume migration and quantify contaminant concentration trends:
 - Modify wellfield if the extent of contamination has changed (add or delete wells)
 - Identify/eliminate wells that provide spatially redundant data
 - Assess relationship of contaminant concentrations to Remediation Goals, Trigger Levels, or other action limits
- Has a sampling duration been specified in a CERCLA document? If so, does it remain appropriate?
- Are the analyses performed consistent with the current and future data requirements of the project?
- Do the Bay Margin Monitoring wells remain appropriate?



Optimization Schedule



- Parcels B, D-1, G, UC-2
 - Prior to 3Q 2012 (see final slide for schedule details)
- Parcel C
 - Support current pre-Remedial Action investigations; optimize at Remedial Design/RAMP phase
- Parcel E
 - Support current pre-Remedial Action investigations and TCRAs; optimize at Remedial Design/RAMP phase
- Parcel E-2
 - Landfill monitoring; optimize at Remedial Design/RAMP phase



Optimization of Parcels D-1 and G



Groundwater data needs:

Post-treatability study monitoring to evaluate effectiveness of ZVI injections conducted in 2008 to address VOCs and hexavalent chromium, for the following plumes:

- IR-09 North VOC and Hexavalent Chromium Plumes
- IR-33 VOC Plume
- IR-71 East and West VOC Plumes
- VOC concentration data to allow comparison to Remediation Goals (residential exposure scenario)
- Metals concentrations to allow comparison to Trigger Levels
- Data from Bay Margin Monitoring Wells (metals) in D-1



Current Monitoring Program: Parcels D-1 and G



- Groundwater samples are collected semi-annually from 27 monitoring wells (24 plume monitoring wells, 3 Bay Margin Monitoring Wells)
- Analyses for Contaminants of Concern (COCs) in Plume Monitoring Wells:
 - Benzene
 - Chloroform
 - Carbon Tetrachloride
 - Hexavalent chromium
 - Naphthalene
 - Trichloroethene (TCE)
 - Tetrachloroethene (PCE)
 - Xylenes
 - Vinyl chloride
- All COCs now consistently below Remediation Goals and/or Trigger Levels except TCE and PCE



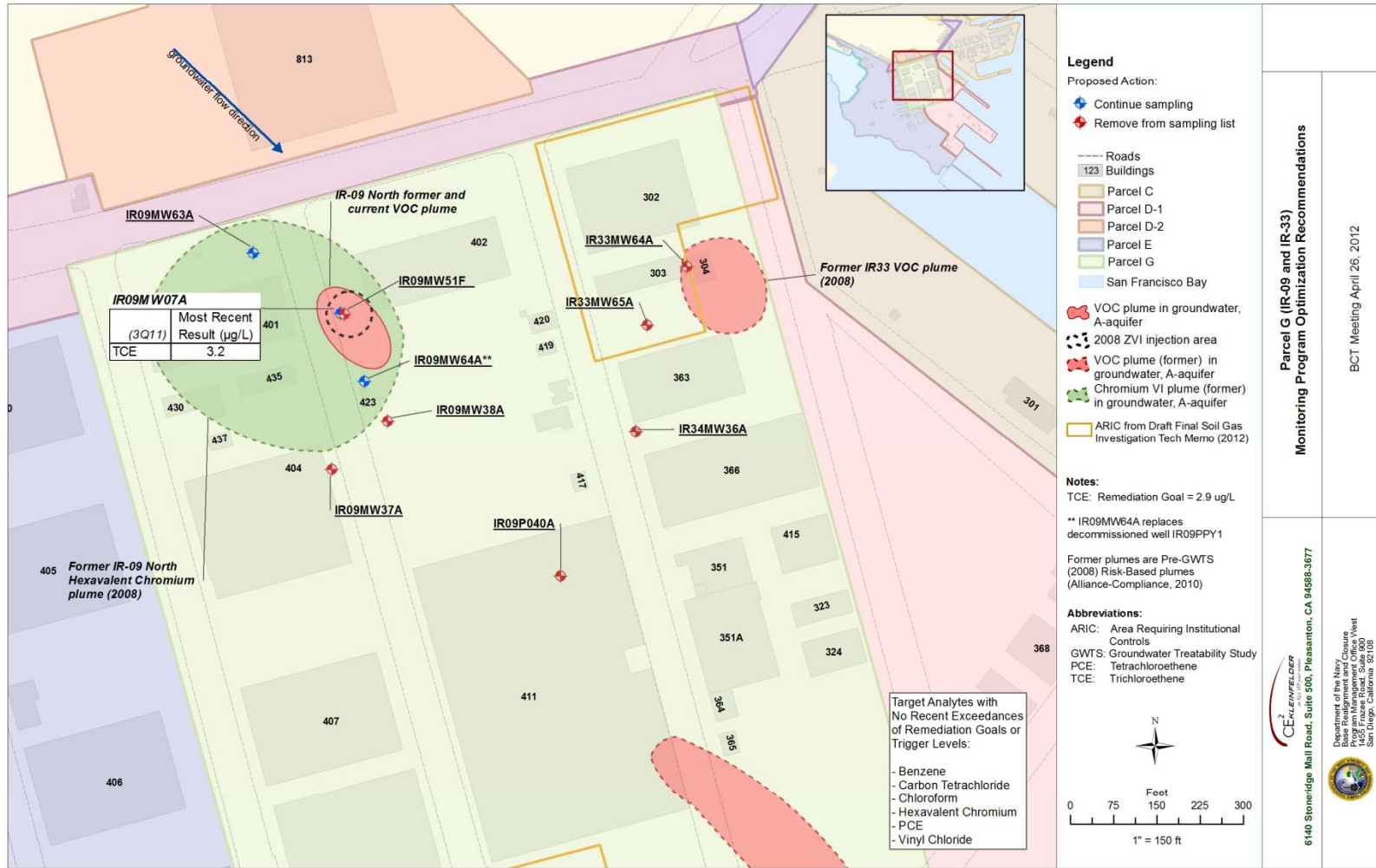
Current Monitoring Program: Parcels D-1 and G (continued)



- Analyses in Bay Margin Monitoring Wells:
 - Copper
 - Hexavalent Chromium
 - Lead
 - Mercury
 - Nickel
 - Selenium
 - Silver
 - Zinc
- No exceedances of Trigger Levels in any wells

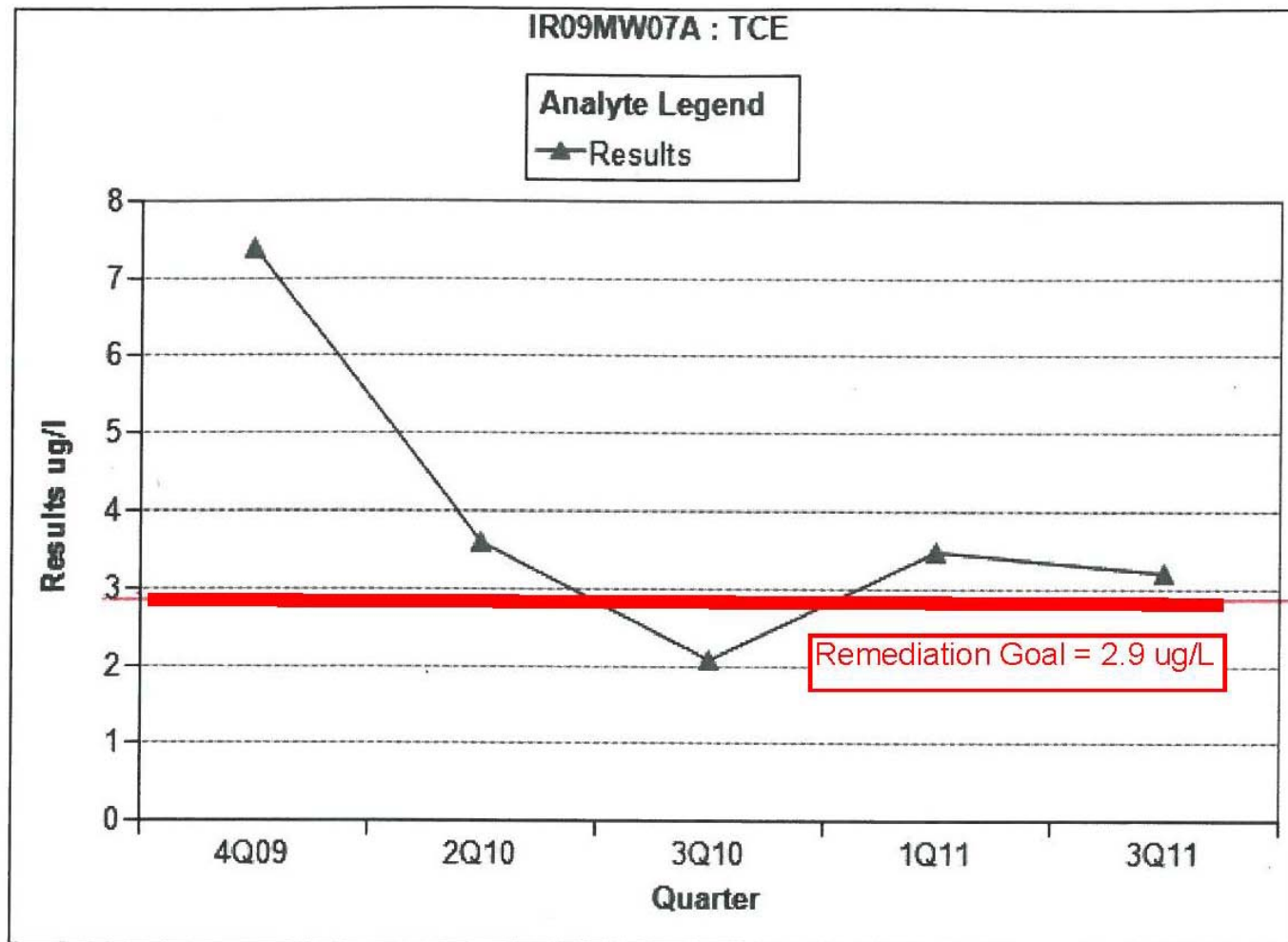


IR-09 and IR-33 Plumes



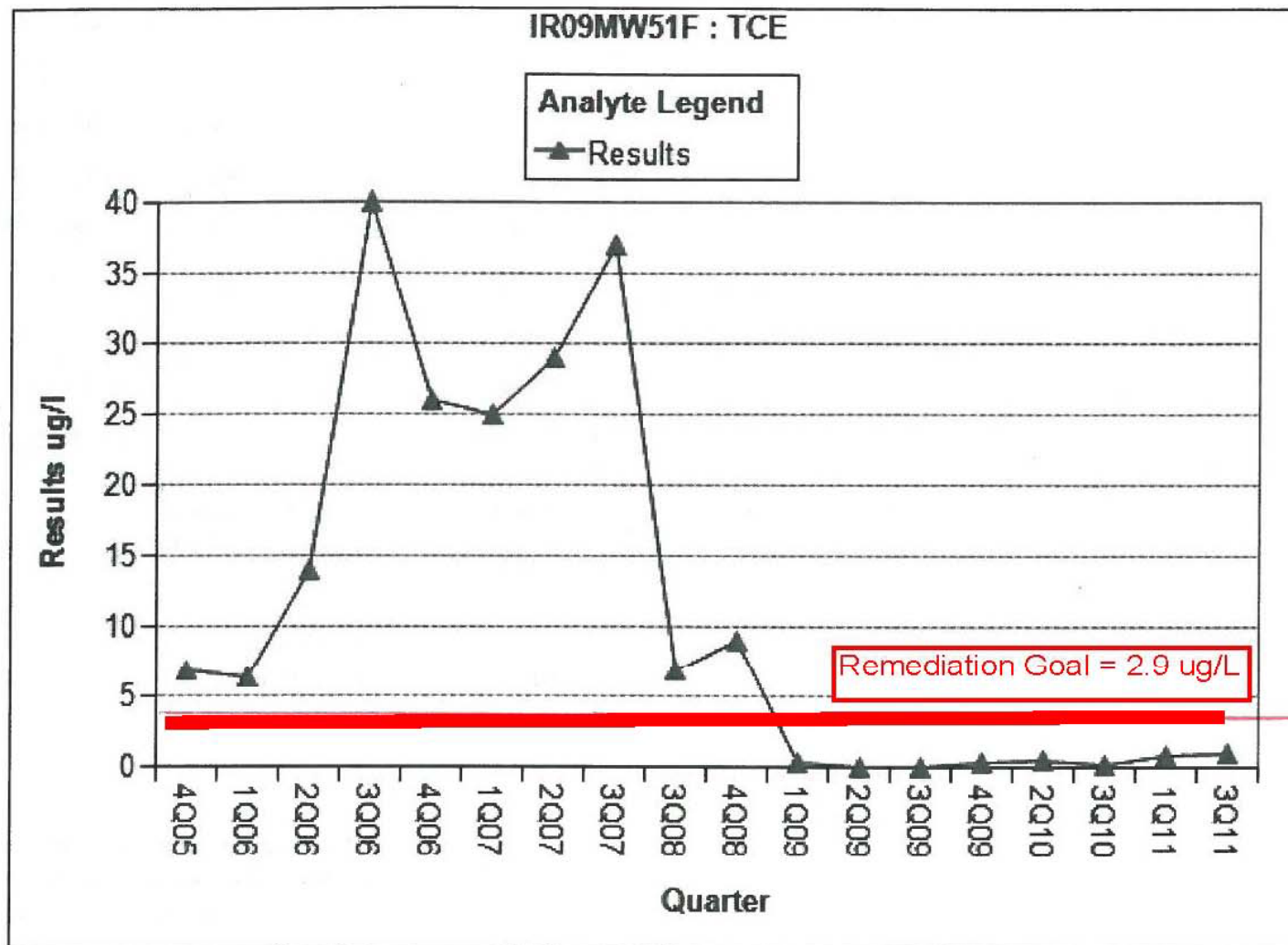


Time-Series Plot of TCE in Well IR09MW07A





Time-Series Plot of TCE in Well IR09MW51F





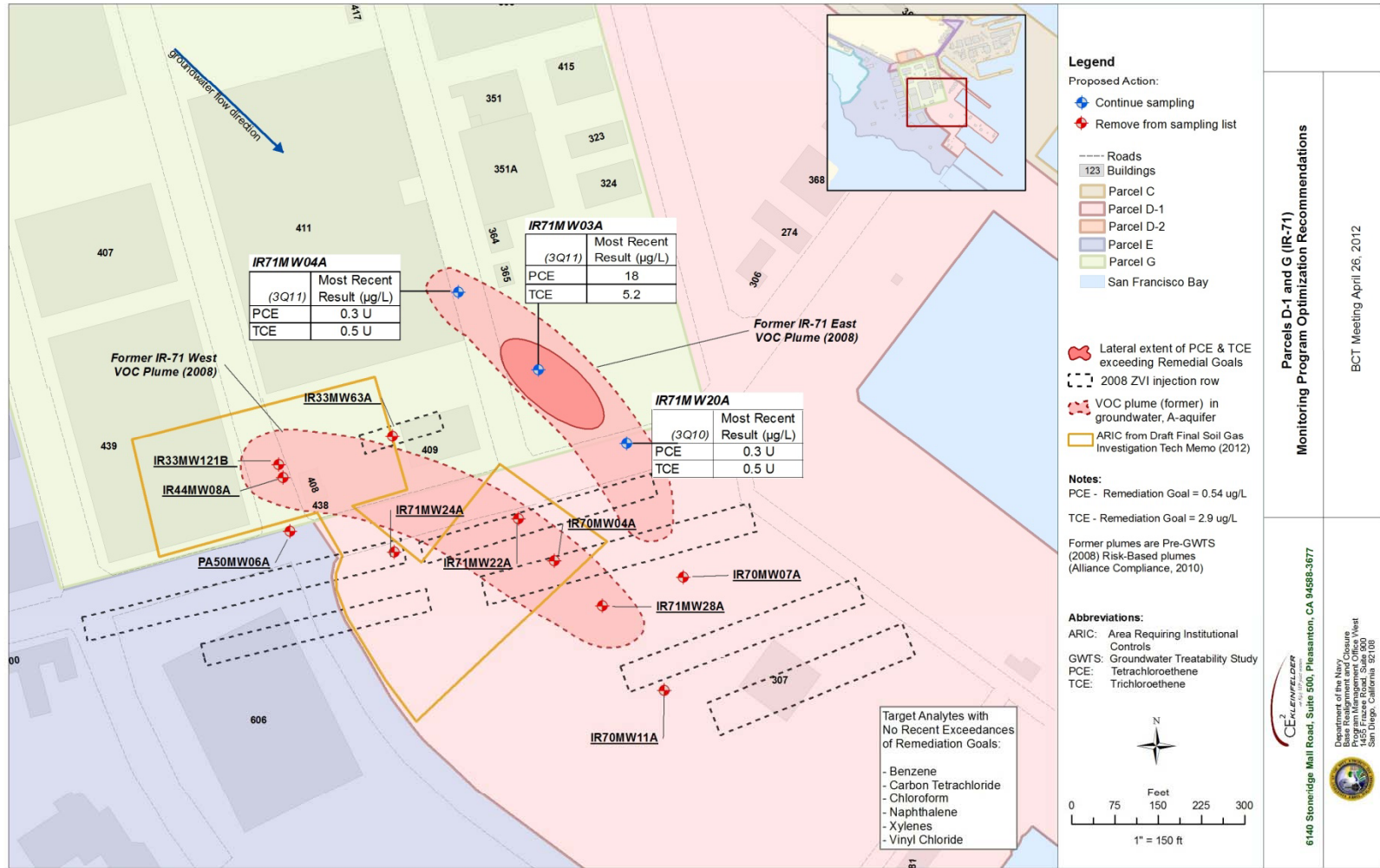
Summary of Recommendations: IR-09 and IR-33 Plumes



- Discontinue analyses for COCs consistently below Remediation Goals and/or Trigger Levels:
 - Benzene, Chloroform, Carbon Tetrachloride, Hexavalent Chromium
- Optimize PCE/TCE monitoring wellfield to reflect current IR-09 VOC plume configuration
 - Remove 7 wells from sampling list
 - Retain 2 wells (1 in source area and 1 upgradient)
 - Add 1 downgradient well that is not currently in sampling list
- Add cis-1,2-DCE and vinyl chloride analyses in PCE/TCE monitoring wells to identify potential degradation products

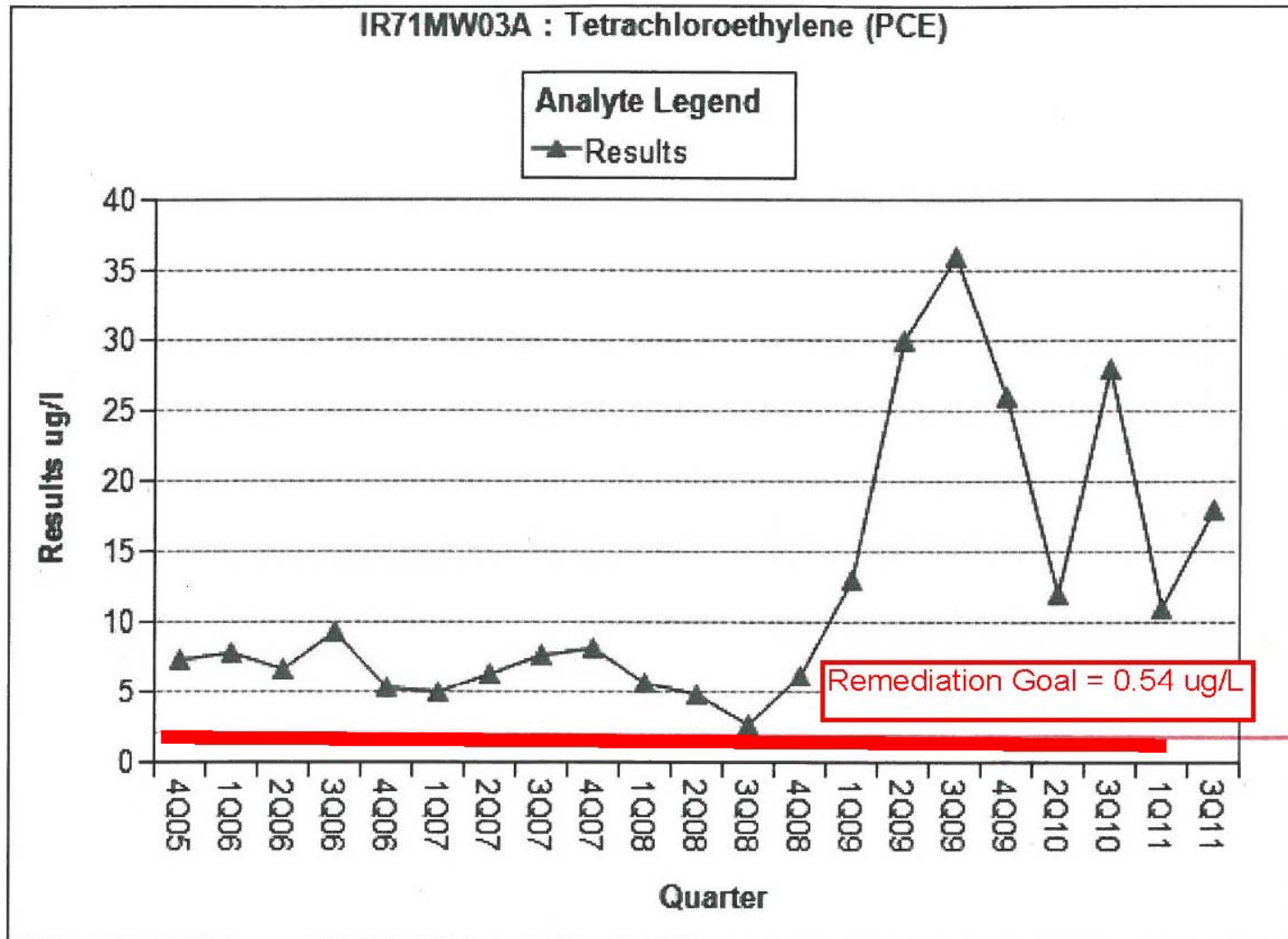


IR-71 Plumes



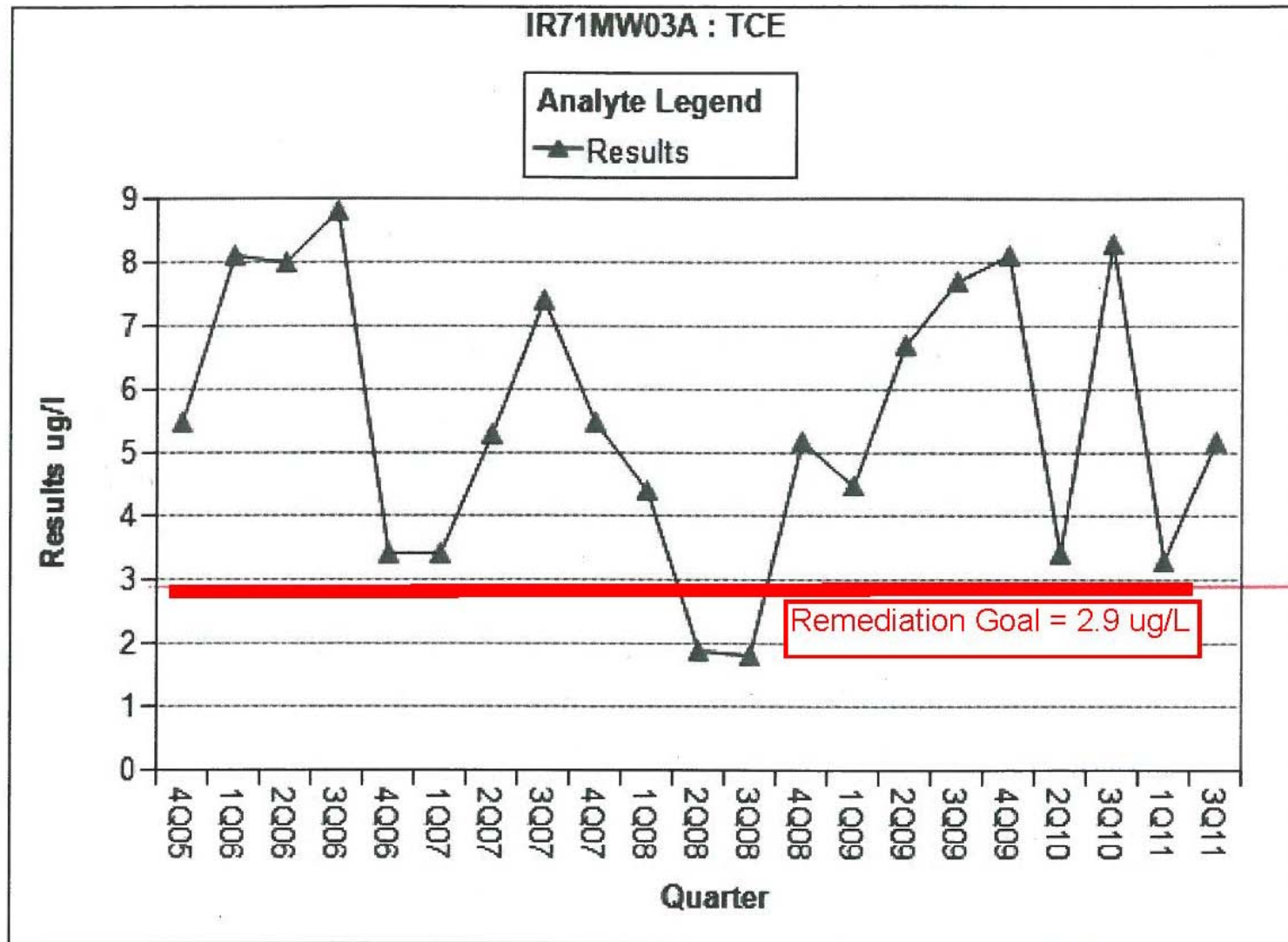


Time-Series Plot of PCE in Well IR71MW03A





Time-Series Plot of TCE in Well IR71MW03A





Summary of Recommendations: IR-71 East VOC Plume



- Discontinue analyses for COCs consistently below Remedial Goals and/or Trigger Levels:
 - Benzene, Chloroform, Carbon Tetrachloride, Naphthalene, Xylenes, Vinyl Chloride (IR33MW121B only)
- Optimize PCE/TCE monitoring wellfield to reflect current plume configuration
 - Retain 3 wells (1 in source area, 1 downgradient, 1 upgradient)
 - Add cis-1,2-DCE and vinyl chloride analyses in PCE/TCE monitoring wells to identify potential degradation products
 - Remove 1 well from sampling list (retained downgradient well is sufficient to monitor leading edge of plume)



Summary of Recommendations: IR-71 West VOC Plume



- Optimize PCE/TCE monitoring wellfield to reflect current conditions:
 - Remove all 9 wells from sampling list (no COCs present above Remediation Goals or Trigger Levels)



What's next?



- May 2012: Submit Technical Memorandum presenting optimization recommendations for Parcels B, D-1, G, and UC-2
- June 2012: Finalize the Technical Memorandum
- July-August 2012: Conduct 3Q2012 semiannual sampling event, incorporating BCT-approved revisions
- November 2012: Document changes to the sampling program in the semiannual groundwater monitoring report